

MISSISSIPPI STATE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH

BUREAU OF PUBLIC WATER SUPPLY

CALENDAR YEAR 2009 CONSUMER CONFIDENCE REPORT CERTIFICATION FORM

water s	ederal Safe Drinking Water Act requires each <i>community</i> public water system to develop and distribute a mer confidence report (CCR) to its customers each year. Depending on the population served by the public system, this CCR must be mailed to the customers, published in a newspaper of local circulation, or provided to stomers upon request.
Please	Answer the Following Questions Regarding the Consumer Confidence Report
	Customers were informed of availability of CCR by: (Attach copy of publication, water bill or other)
	Advertisement in local paper On water bills Other
	Date customers were informed: <u>6/3/</u> 20/0
	CCR was distributed by mail or other direct delivery. Specify other direct delivery methods:
	Date Mailed/Distributed:/_/
X	CCR was published in local newspaper. (Attach copy of published CCR or proof of publication)
,	Name of Newspaper: The Courses
	Date Published: 6/3/20/0
	CCR was posted in public places. (Attach list of locations)
	Date Posted:/_/
	CCR was posted on a publicly accessible internet site at www
CERTI	<u>IFICATION</u>
system and corn	y certify that a consumer confidence report (CCR) has been distributed to the customers of this public water in the form and manner identified above. I further certify that the information included in this CCR is true rect and is consistent with the water quality monitoring data provided to the public water system officials by sissippi State Department of Health, Bureau of Public Water Supply.
Lin Name/	As Heath Clerk Water Opentor 4-3-2010 Title (President, Mayor, Owner, etc.) Date

570 East Woodrow Wilson Post Office Box 1700 Jackson, MS 39215-1700 601-576-8090 1-866-HLTHY4U www.HealthyMS.com

Mail Completed Form to: Bureau of Public Water Supply/P.O. Box 1700/Jackson, MS 39215
Phone: 601-576-7518

2009 Annual Drinking Water Quality Report Saltillo Water Works PWS#: 410012 & 410037 May 2010

PWS #: 41(1012			TEST RES	Unit	MCLG	MCL	Likely Source of Contamination
contaminant	Violation Y/N	Date Collected	Detected Detected	Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCUACL	Measurement	868.5		
norganic	Contam	inants		1.110182	1 ppm	1 2	2	Discharge of driving wastes: discharge from metal reference
IO. Barium	TH T	2009	.182			<u> </u>	24684C	erosion of natural deposas
		1		7 - 1.2	ppb	100	100	Discharge from steel and pulp mile: erosion of natural depos
13. Chromium	N N	2009	1.2	1	ppm	1.3	AL=1.3	Corrosion of household plumo
14. Copper	- H	2008*	.3	0	m"			deposits; leaching som work
					ppm	1000		Erosion of natural deposits, w
48 Eluorida	N	2009	.127	.1127	PP"			teeth; discharge from fertilize

Disinfectio	n Bv-F	roduct						
81. HAA5	N	2008*	33.75	23 - 44	ppb	0	60	By-Product of drinking water disinfection.
52. TTHM Total tribelomethenes	H	2008*	42.25	35 - 48	ppb	0	80	By-product of drinking water chlorination.
Chiorine	N	2008	1.27	.43 1.27	ppm	0	MORL = 4	Water additive used to control microbes
	•							

PWS #: 41		edice she gan		TEST RES					
Contaminent	Violesion Y/N	Date Collected	Level Detected	Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL	Livit Mossusama s	MCLG	HCL	Likely Source of Contamination	
Inorganic	Contam	inants							
10. Barkım	TH.	2008*	.016	No Range	Ppm	2		2 Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refinertes; erosion of natural deposits.	
13. Chromium	H	2008*	1.5	No Range	ppb	100	10	Discharge from steel and pulp mile; erosion of natural deposits	
16. Fluoride	P	2005*	.76	No Range	spm .	- 4		 Erosion of natural deposits; trisk additive which promotes strong teeth; discharge from fertilizes and gluminum factories 	
19. Nitrate (es Nitrogen)	TH.	2006*	.03	No Range	ppni	10	•	Runoff from fortilizer use; leaching from septic tanks, sewage; erosion of natural deposits	
21. Selenkum	N	2008*	. 69	No Range	ppb	50	5	Discharge from petroleum and metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits; discharge from mines	
Disinfecția	in By-Pi	oducts							
81. HAA5	H	2009 5	0 1	lo Range	ppb	0 50		By-Product of drinking water disinfection.	
82. TTHM [Total tribalomethenes]	H	2009 4	9.37 h	io Ranga	ppb	0		By-product of drinking water chlorination.	

Most recent sample. No sample required for 2008.

• Most recent sample. No sample required for 2008.
We are negatired to monitor your dinking water for specific constituents on a monthly basis. Results of regular monitoring are an indicator of whether or not our dinking water meets health standards. We did complete the monitoring requirements for bacteriological sampling that showed no coliform present. In an effort to ensure systems complete all monitoring requirements, MSDH now molfice systems of any missing samples prior to the end of the compliance period.
If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and nome plumbing. Our Water Association is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been stilling for several hours, you can inhanize the potentials for lead exposure by flushing your top for 30 seconds to; intrinutes before using water for drinking or cocking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water issaid, information on tead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to mismize exposure is available from the 50 risking Water Hotiline or at high-fixther water place place in the lead of the place in the place of th

The Saltilio Water Works work around the clock to provide top quality water to every tap. We ask that all our customers help us protec our water sources, which are the heart of our community, our way of life and our children's future.

Please note: This report will not be mailed to each customer, however you may request a copy from our office.